GERMANS CONTINUE TO RESIST ADVANCE OF THE ALLIED FOE

BORDEAUX, September 25, they fell, it is stated, owing to a lack of prompt treatment. 12:30 p.m.-It was announced officially in Bordeaux this afternoon that the Germans last night september 5.—The German offensive was extremely vigorous yesterday at the western end of the long line attracting along the Rivers Oise, Aisne

Giving Allies Hard Fight.

PARIS, September 25, 7:10 a.m.—According to information reaching the French capital this morning the Gernans are continuing their desperate resistance against the advance of the al-lies in the north. This advance was lies in the north. This advance was first upon Roye, twenty-six miles to the east of Amiens, and then upon Perronne, twenty miles north of Roye. It was only by a continuous raking artillery fire and hard fighting that the French and British troops were able to continue their advance against the vigorous attacks of the enemy. The left wing of the allies now occuples positions between the River Oise and the River Somme, which were traversed by the Germans during their advance in the direction of Paris.

From this fact it is argued here by military observers the Germans will be obliged to cencentrate a great force in order to protect their right wing, the outfanking of which, Paris believes, would mean a decisive victory for the allies.

Long Siege Is Expected.

In this fighting, which is in large measure from improvised forts, the allies have advanced not only on the left, where their maneuvers apparently were successful, but also at other points which were strongly fortified, such as Berry-au-Bac, in the direction of Craonne. Judging from the reports coming to Paris the Germans appear to be sacrificing masses of men in the hope of gaining a quick advantage.

So strong are some of the positions on each side that Paris believes a long and steady siege at some points is not improbable. The allies appear to be prepared for this as well as for any other developments.

The Matin publishes a dispatch from Hasel, Switzerland, credited to the Fournier Agency, which says that Germans in fight from Lorraine declare that during the attack upon the enstrenched camp at Verdun the Austrian and German artillery had 10,000 dead and 15,000 wounded

Many of the wounded died where neasure from improvised forts, the llies have advanced not only on the

Vigorous German Offensive. AT THE BATTLE FRONT, via Paris

and Woevre.

The allied troops, whose gaps had been filled with freshly arrived reinforcements, not only repeatedly thrust back the masses of Germans thrown against them, but eventually carried out a successful counter-attack, which resulted in the gaining of considerable ground, and the definite capture of Peronne, about which town the flercest engagement occurred.

At one place the victims of the deadly German machine guns were counted in hundreds, especially where the advance was across an open wheatfield

in hundreds, especially where the advance was across an open wheatfield that recently had been harvested. Some men of a French regiment which was making a dash toward the German position when it was struck by the sweeping fire were found dead in the kneeling posture they had taken behind the sheaves of wheat and from where they had emptied their magazines, intending to start a final rush and bayonet charge.

Dead Are Buried Together.

After the fight 900 dead were burie in a single trench six feet deep, the Germans being placed at one end and

Further toward the east, near Berry

COLD WEATHER AND DISEASE INCREASE HORRORS OF WAR

LONDON, September 25, 10:15 a.m.—
The weather conditions, which were exceptionally favorable to modern military operations during the first six weeks of the war, have now changed radically and are in the main responsible for the lull prevailing in all the war areas, with the exception of the combined Montenegrin and Servian assault on the coveted provinces of Bosnia and Hersegovina.

Accompanying the reports of bad weather comes the ominous news of the presence of disease. Hungary has acknowledged an outbreak of cholera among her troops, and, while it is denied officially, the same scourge is said to have attacked the Servian troops. General epidemics of -milder diseases may be expected in the western battle area, where the troops on both sides, drenched by a pitiless rain, are lying in flooded trenches.

The operations in Alsace-Lorraine are said to have come to a complete stop on account of snowstorms. Rain and probably account for the cessation of the Russian attack on the retreating Austrians. Storm conditions will interfere greafly with motor transports, and troops taking the offensive may be greatly handleapped by inability to bring up their artillery.

Several of the great German slege guns, probably destined for use against

FEAR HEAVY LOSS OF OFFICERS

today as follows: noment's notice, and instances in which improvisation has been attempted in the past have been lamentable failures. Experienced officers are dubious concerning the armies which England is now raising at home, be-cause they do not think they will be ready to fight in the field for eighteen months, and then only if they have been trained by good professional of-ficers, the numbers of whom are limit-ed, and are being constantly decreased

by losses in action.

"The question of officers is a sesious one. Af examination of our casualty lists shows we have lost already over 1,160 officers in killed, wounded or missing. This is two out of every five among those at the front.

"More officers is the constant cry from the front, and several hundred have been sent, but obviously this cannot be kept up forever, aand each officer sent is one less instructor for the new troops. We must not allow ourselves

WILL SERIOUSLY CRIPPLE BRITISH LONDON, September 25.—The mili- to become megalemaniaes, and place if

the field regiments which are unfit to defend the honor of our armies."
Lieut. Col. A. Grant-Duff of the Blackwatch was killed in action, Lieut. Col. C. Dalton and Lieut. Col. I. G. Hogg died in a hospital of wounds and Brig. Gen. Richard C. B. Haking is among the wounded.

These names appeared in the official casualty list issued last night. Of officers killed five died of wounds in hospital and one was drowned.

The list includes twenty-one wounded, among them Lieut. G. M. Naylor-Leyland of the Royal Horse Guards, who is the second son of the late Sir Herbert S. Naylor-Leyland, whose wife was Miss Jennie Chamberlain, daughter of Selah Chamberlain of Cleveland, Ohio,

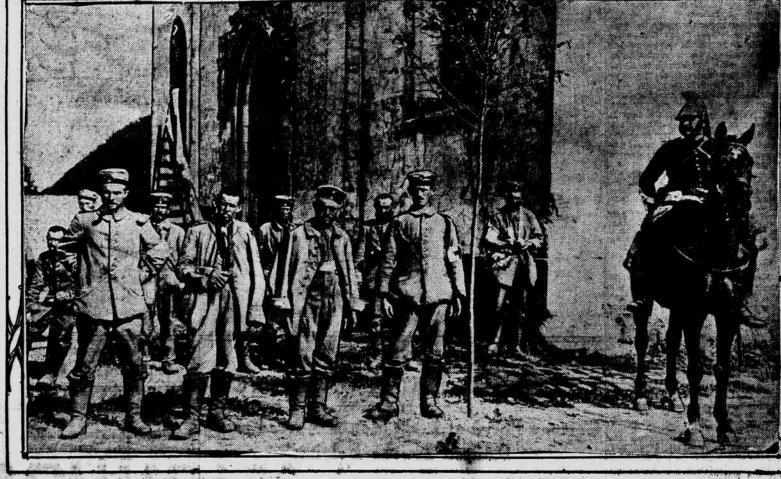
We must not the must not the series of the Sunk By Kronprinz Willelm allof from the Credit Lyonaise to the Sunk By Kronprinz Wilhelm saled from the Credit Lyonaise to the British was sunk by the German auxiliary cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm. A North German Lloyd line, since she was reported as having been seen transferring coal to the German cruisers operating in the German cruisers operating the German cruisers operating in the German cruisers operating the Germa THIS COUPON AND 10 CENTS when

bresented at THE STAR OFFICE, 11th and Pennsylvania avenue n.w., entitles the bearer to a sixteen-page bound Atlas of Europe, with large colored maps, size 12x16 inches, showing every part of the territory involved in the great European war.

IF SENT BY MAIL, 15 CENTS.

FRENCH TURCOS AND GERMANS THEY CAPTURED AT NEUFMENTIERS.





LOWER-GROUP OF GERMANS TAKEN PRISONERS IN THE ENGAGEMENT WITH THE FRENCH TURCOS AT NEUFMENTIERS. STANDING OUTSIDE THE CHURCH, USED AS A HOSPITAL BY THE RED CROSS, ON THE PLACE DE L'EGLERE. IN FRONT OF THIS EDIFICE THE TURCOS PICKEL

JUDICIAL INQUIRY PLANNED

Other Details of War From Berlin Point of View Come by Wireless to Sayville and London.

BERLIN, September 25, by wireless two sides near Jakovo and took 7,000 to Sayville, Long Island.—The German prisoners. Many Servians were killed, sovernment has ordered that an exRiver Save.

River Save. government has ordered that an ex-haustive judicial inquiry be made at once by an independent lawyer into the destruction of the Belgian town of Louvain. An inquiry already made is declared to have proved that on a signal given near the Louvain station by red and green rockets the civilian population began firing at the German

The German press formally protests against the bombardment of the open

has decided to court-martial the aged according to the Geneva correspondent Prince Radziwill, leader of the Polish of the Chronicle. party in the German reichstag, who has been arrested at St. Petersburg, espionage being given as a pretext.

With the idea of safeguarding he with the idea of safeguarding her neutrality the Italian government has adopted measures directed against French diplomatic advances, according to dispatches made public here.

There has been published a dispatch from the London Times saying that the restoration of the Rheims Cathedral is possible in spite of the considerable damage resulting from the German bombardment.

Telegramn received here from Vienna declare 30,000 Servians invaded Austria. They entered Slavonian territory and built fortifications. The Austrian troops retreated intentionally. Suddenly they attacked the invaders from discovering the rain when recently viewing his soldiers.

SWISS REFUSE GERMANS
RIGHT TO CROSS COUNTRY
ROME, via London, September 25.—The Giornale d'Italia publishes a report from Basel that Switserland has refused a request from the Germans for permission to send three army corps across Swiss territory.

British Cruisers Did Not Fire. LONDON, September 25.-A Berlin official dispatch by Marconi wireless says:

"Not a single shot was fired by any of the three British cruisers sunk by the German submarine. The majority of the British sailors were in their of the British sailors were in their bunks when the attack was made. In graph in France says: recognition of their services, the iron

recognition of their services, the iron town of Dar-es-Salam, German East Africa, by a British cruiser.

The Petit Parisien says that the French commander-in-chief has been compelled to send back the African troops transported to France, because they were not fitted out for a winter campaign. The strengthening of the French forces in Morocco also is reported to be necessary.

The French government has ordered the Credit Lyonnaise to postpone the payment of its half yearly dividend.

Bank Directors Satisfied,

At a meeting of the board of di-

SNOW AND FLOODS HALT FIGHTING IN UPPER ALSACE

LONDON, September 25 .- A dispatch to the Central News from Lucerne,

are thirty Trappist monks from the

He caught it in the trenches before

ZEPPELIN DROPS BOMBS IN OSTEND; BY GERMANS AS TO LOUVAIN FRENCH CAPTURE FIVE TAUBE PLANES

cavity in the ground and badly damaged all surrounding houses, extinguished street lamps, destroyed electric wires and created a panic. The Zeppelin returned in the direction of Thielt, twelve miles northeast of

French Capture Five Aeroplanes.

LONDON, September 25, 3:02 a.m. The correspondent of the Dally Telegraph in France says:
"There is considerable elation in the allies' lines over the capture of five English coast.

All sales are by auction to the highest bidder. From Ostend as the crow flies is only about seventy miles across the North sea and the Strait of Dover to the English coast.

Near Famous Park. The Avenue P de Smet de Nayer

The fish market in Ostend is near the railway station and Wednesdays and Fridays is crowded with purchasers All sales are by auction to the highest bidder.

Science, of which he was president in 1899; a member of the Cosmos Club and a member of many other societies. Dr. Gill was unmarried. He is sur-vived by his brother. DR. T. N. GILL DIES AT HOME OF BROTHER MAJ. TANKAVITCH, BLAMED

Was Connected With George Washington University

Dr. Theodore N. Gill, seventy-eight perations in upper Alsace have been brought to hait in consequence of falls of snow in the mountains and floods in the valleys.

Among the last reservists called up in Alsace, according to the dispatch, are thirty Trappist monks from the service of the Library of Congress and connected with the George Washington University since 1860, died shortly after noon today at the home of his brother, therefore A. Gill, 3907 McKinley street northwest. Dr. Gill had been sick for the last reservists called up in Alsace, according to the dispatch, are thirty Trappist monks from the last few days only. Funeral services are to be held Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, in the chapel at Oak Hill are thirty Trappist monks from the last few days only.

WHILE VIEWING TROOPS
LONDON, September 25.—Emperor
William is suffering from a severe cold, according to the Geneva correspondent to the Genev

Held Different Chairs.

Dr. Gill at first held the chair of physics at the university and later bethe rain when recently viewing his soldiers.

Chair until 1910.

Dr. Gill was librarian of the Smithsonian Institute from 1885 to 1867. He then became assistant librarian of the Congressional Library, which position he held until 1875, when he confined his work entirely to the University. Dr. Gill was one of the most philosophical scientists in the United States, being especially noted for his studies and publications relating to fishes.

The giornale d'Italia publishes a report from Basel that Switserland has refussively a supplication of the United States, being especially noted for his studies and publications relating to fishes.

He was a member of the National Academy of Science, of the American Association for the Advancement of decorated with the iron cross,

A Zeppelin airship coming from the direction of Thourout (twelve miles southwest of Bruges, Belgium), dropped three bombs yesterday. One of them struck the Avenue P de Smet de Nayer bridge, on the outskirts of the town, another fell in the harbor and another on the premises of a wholesale fish dealer in the fish market, partly wrecking the building.

The latter explosion made a great are plants of the direction of the latter explosion made a great are plants. "The average of the direction of the direction of the latter explosion made a great are plants."

The latter explosion made a great are partly as the latter explosion made a great are plants. The latter explosion made a great are plants are plants. The latter explosion made a great are plants are plants are plants. The latter explosion made a great are plants are plants are plants. The latter explosion made a great plants are plants are plants are plants are plants. The latter explosion made a great plants are plants are plants are plants are plants are plants. The latter explosion made a great plants are plants are plants are plants are plants. The area plants are plants. The area plants are plants. The plants are plants are

bridge alluded to in the first dispatch, crosses the Canal De Derivation at the northeast boundary of the famous Park Marie-Henriette in Ostend.

FOR PRESENT WAR, IS DEAD

LONDON, September 25, 2:18 p.m.-The Rome correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company says that trigues the source of the present war was traceable, has, according to a Vienna dispatch, been found dead by Austrians near Krupagne, where he "I am hopeful that the present con-commanded a battery of artillery in a flict between the first chief, Venustiano

at 2 o'clock, in the chapel at Oak Hill cemetery, where interment will take ALLIES OFFER LURE TO

FUNSTON TO STAY LONGER IN MEXICO

Ordered by Garrison Not to **Evacuate Vera Cruz With**in Ten Days.

CONFIRMS THE JUTTING OF WIRES AND RAILROAD

Villa Promises Full Protection to Foreigners-Wilson Has Not Discussed New Insurrection.

Secretary Garrison today ordered Brig. Gen. Funston, commanding the American forces at Vera Cruz, not to

withdraw during the next ten days.

Secretary Garrison announced that the order was caused by a delay in the adjustment of many details incident to the transfer of funds and the custom house.

It is understood President Wilson and Secretary Garrison had not yet considered the possible effect of the Villa revolt on the American evacuation, and as Mr. Garrison plans to leave Washington today for the week end it is probable the question will not be taken up until the cabinet meeting Tuesday. As there are so many other questions to be settled, officials take the view that there is no occasion for a hasty decision concerning the troops.

Funston Confirms Wire Cutting.

Gen. Funston, in a report today, confirmed news of the cutting of rail and wire communication between Vera Cruz

and Mexico City. He added that it was not known whether the constitutionalists along the railroad were fighting among themselves or whether the work of destruction was by former federal

of destruction was by former federal soldiers.

An American officer on the Arizona frontier in a report today described the manner of Villa's proclamation of independence. He said a notice declaring the concentration of the Villa forces for a march on Mexico City was written in chalk on a blackboard in front of the Nogales customs office by "persons unknown."

Official advices added little to the information of the Washington government on the future trend of events in Mexico.

Will Protect Americans.

Gen. Villa sent word that no matter ing by swallowing poison while in a what eventuated he would afford every drug store at 703 15th street north-protection to all Americans and for- west. Emergency Hospital ambulance eigners. His headquarters at Chihua- was called and he was taken to that hua was described as presenting institution, where he died five minutes scenes of much animation, with the after being placed upon the operating

Officials Anxiously Waiting.

Administration officials today anxiously awaited the crystallization of events in the break between Gens. Carranza and Villa, still hopeful that efforts now being made to settle their differences would meet with success.

This feeling is shared also by Rafael Zuberan Campany, head of the constitutionalist agency here, who, in a statement, expresses the hope that the trouble between the two generals will be satisfactorily adjusted on the ground that no real cause exists for a break. He has made public correspondence between Carranza and Villa, from which, he says, it is apparent that Villa had no real grounds for the stand he has taken and that peaceful arrangement between them would be brought about.

Pending the outcome of the peace overtures, the Washington government will refrain from interference in the latest troubles between the two generals. It is felt here that the warning given them by Paul Fuller, President Wilson's personal representative, that the administration would discountenance further fighting in Mexico, would be heeded.

Advices to the War Department said Carranza was concentrating his forces at Zacatecas and Villa's army was gathering at Torreon. Railroad communication between these points has been severed.

Vera Cruz Cut Off From Capital.

Vera Cruz Cut Off From Capital.

The cutting of all telegraph and teleroad between Vera Cruz and Mexico City by a forceof men under Higenio Aguilar, a former federal general, oc-

casioned some uneasiness in official circles today, especially in view of the fact that many Americans who had fled from Mexico City during the revolution and returned to the capital. Officials anxiously awaited the reasons for communication being cut off and information as to what is transpiring in Mexico City.

Interest here today is centered to a large extent in the efforts of Gen. Pablo Gonzales, chief of the army of the east, to patch up the differences between Carranza and Villa and the conference planned between George C. Carrothers, the American consular agent, and Gen. Obregon at Juares, at which the situation was to be discussed. Mr. Carrothers planned later to confer with Villa.

Statement by Eubaren

Statement by Zubaran. The statement given out by Mr. Zu

Carransa, and Gen. Villa will be pead fully and satisfactorily composed, for the reason that there is no real cause for its existence. I trust that when Gen. Villa reconsiders his ras haction he will disavow it for the genuine welfare of his country and in furtherance

wife, the Princess of Hohenberg, were assassinated at Sarajevo, the Bosnian capital.

ALLIES OFFER LURE TO

GAIN ITALY'S SUPPORT

LONDON, September 25 (10:30 a.m.).—

The pressure on Italy to join the cause of the triple entente increases daily.

The allies point out that in case of their victory Servia must be given a port on the Adriatic; and the bait of Avlona, on which port Italy long has cast hungry eyes, is being held before the Servian government as a possible reward, particularly if Italy fails to join the allies.

LIEUT. GEN. VON BUSSE

IS KILLED IN ACTION

ERBLIN, September 24, via The Hague to Lendon, 16:47 p.m.—The announcement was made here today that Lieut. Gem. von Busse was killed in action september & September

ries the order for the withdrawal of Hill's forces. Compliance with it is the Hill's forces. Compliance with it is the only way that the life of Obregon cas be saved. "'V. CARRANZA."

Villa Protests.

"Following the receipt of this intelligence Carranza ordered the closing of the railroads north of Aguascallentes. When Villa was informed of this move he sent the following telegram to Car-

ranza:

"'Chihuahua, September 22, 1914.

"I have just been informed that following an order from headquarters, the railroad traffic north of Aguascalientes has been discontinued. This order is an act which shows hostility toward the division of the north; it is absolutely unjustifiable, and one for which I can find no reasons. I am requesting you to give me an immediate explanation of this matter so I may know how to act. The stateg and cities through which the railroad passes will suffer considerable damage by this order; it is necessary to remedy this condition as soon as possible. I am awaiting your immediate reply. (Signed) "'FRANCISCO VII.LA.'

"To this communication Carranza re-

I am awaiting your immediate reply.
(Signed) "FRANCISCO VILLA."
"To this communication Carranza replied as follows:
"Mexico City, September 22, 1914.
"Before answering your message, which I have just received, I desire an explanation of your conduct toward Gen. Obregon in Chihuahua."
(Signed) "V. CARRANZA."
"Villa sent the following telegram to this request:

to this request:
"Chihuahua, September 22, 1914.

ON DRUG STORE STEPS

Cousin of Gen. Phil Sheridan, Dies at Hospital.

H. F. Myers. Claiming to Be a

Henry F. Myers, who is said to have been a cousin of the late Gen. Phil Sheridan, committed suicide this morn-

scenes of much animation, with the feeling general that a movement of troops southward was in prospect. Preparation for the expedition was proceeding rapidly.

American Consul Canada reported the interruption in communication with Mexico City, and spoke of the advisability of keeping American forces in Vera Cruz until telegraph and railroad lines were repaired and the situation relieved of its unrest.

Reports from American consuls in Sonora said no fighting was imminent, though Gov. Maytorena has circulated proclamations throughout the state declaring it independent of Carransa.

Officials Anxiously Waiting.

Hagerstown Odd Fellows will make an effort to have the proposed Mary-land Home for Aged and Indigent Odd Fellows of Maryland located in Wash-ington county.



The Dreaded Token-

This was the official seal of Vermissa Lodge—a lawless organization that flourished in an American mining district. Each member had it branded on his forearm.

In "The Valley of Fear," Sir Arthur Conan Doyle's new story, Sherlock Holmes solves an American mystery.

It is the highest-priced serial ever published. Read it next Sunday! In

The Sunday

the Sunday Magazine of